

Miejsce
na naklejkę
z kodem

(Wpisuje zdający przed rozpoczęciem pracy)

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| | | |
|--|--|--|

KOD ZDAJĄCEGO

MAD-W1A1A-021

EGZAMIN MATURALNY Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

DLA KLAS DWUJĘZYCZNYCH

Arkusz I

ROZUMIENIE ZE SŁUCHU

Czas pracy 30 minut

ARKUSZ I

MAJ
ROK 2002

Instrukcja dla zdającego

1. Proszę sprawdzić, czy arkusz egzaminacyjny zawiera 4strony. Ewentualny brak należy zgłosić przewodniczącemu zespołu nadzorującego egzamin.
2. Obok każdego zadania podana jest maksymalna liczba punktów, którą można uzyskać za jego poprawne rozwiązanie.
3. Należy pisać czytelnie, tylko w kolorze niebieskim lub czarnym.
4. Błędne zapisy należy wyraźnie przekreślić. Nie wolno używać korektora.
5. Do ostatniej kartki arkusza dołączona jest **karta odpowiedzi**, którą w tym arkuszu wypełnia zdający.
6. W karcie odpowiedzi zamaluj całkowicie kratkę z literą oznaczającą właściwą odpowiedź, np. . Jeśli się pomyliłeś, błędne zaznaczenie obwiedź kółkiem i zamaluj inną odpowiedź.
7. Podczas egzaminu nie można korzystać ze słownika.

Życzymy powodzenia!

Za rozwiązanie wszystkich zadań możnatrzymać łącznie **30 punktów**.

(Wpisuje zdający przed rozpoczęciem pracy)

| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

PESEL ZDAJĄCEGO

SECTION 1 (6 points)

You are going to hear a short fragment of radio news. For questions (1.1 – 1.6) choose the answer which you think fits best according to what you hear. Circle the letter a, b, c or d. You'll hear the news twice.

1.1. Peter Mandelson

- a. wants the Sunday Times to clear his name
- b. denies allegations against him
- c. wants to resign from his post
- d. has been found to lie

1.2. The Prime Minister's office

- a. has refused to comment on the issue
- b. only quotes Tony Blair's spokesman
- c. has criticized Peter Mandelson
- d. has criticized the media

1.3. The earthquake in India

- a. has claimed a handful of lives
- b. has left few survivors in Rajbul
- c. has killed a few British citizens
- d. has devastated the whole country

1.4. The British doctor traveled to India

- a. to help British experts
- b. to search for survivors
- c. to search for his mother
- d. to participate in a ritual

1.5. The Zimbabwean newspaper Daily News

- a. was fiercely criticized by pro-government circles
- b. was partly financed by the government
- c. represented the War Veterans Association
- d. was totally destroyed by a bomb

1.6. The search party in Jersey

- a. have found two dead fishermen
- b. have been missing since Thursday
- c. have stopped searching for a while
- d. will give up the search this afternoon

SECTION 2 (14 points)

You are going to hear a fragment of a story. Read the statements below and, on the basis of what you hear, decide which statement is true (T), which is false (F), and for which the text does not give a clear answer (NI). Put a tick in the appropriate column, next to each statement. You'll hear the piece twice.

| | | T | F | NI |
|--------------|--|---|---|----|
| 2.1. | The young King had just been crowned. | | | |
| 2.2. | The young King felt miserable when his courtiers left. | | | |
| 2.3. | He had been brought to the palace against his will. | | | |
| 2.4. | He never believed he was a poor man's child. | | | |
| 2.5. | He was the only grandchild of the old King. | | | |
| 2.6. | His father was a musician. | | | |
| 2.7. | The young King did not know his real mother. | | | |
| 2.8. | The young King's mother was poisoned. | | | |
| 2.9. | People presumed that the old King's daughter was buried together with her lover. | | | |
| 2.10. | The old King regretted what had happened to his grandson. | | | |
| 2.11. | The old King wanted the boy to take over the kingdom. | | | |
| 2.12. | The old King passed away before he managed to appoint the heir. | | | |
| 2.13. | The text is a fairy-tale meant for young children. | | | |
| 2.14. | The language of the text is simple and straightforward. | | | |

SECTION 3 (10 points)

You are going to hear some advice concerning holidays in various parts of the world. Read the statements below and, based on what you hear, decide which place (or places) each statement refers to. Match the places with the statements by putting the appropriate letters (A – E) next to the numbers (3.1 – 3.10). If you use more than one letter, put them in alphabetical order. You'll hear the piece twice.

- A. Southeast and Central Asia
- B. The Caribbean
- C. Europe
- D. Australia and New Zealand
- E. South Africa

- It will be perfect for those who love hot weather: 3.1._____, 3.2._____, 3.3._____
- The accommodation will be relatively cheap there: 3.4._____, 3.5._____
- There might be too many tourists there: 3.6._____
- It will satisfy those interested in observing wild animals: 3.7._____, 3.8._____
- A visit there might involve a hazard to health: 3.9._____
- The weather there might surprise the visitors: 3.10._____